

# Multiplication

Mathematics · Class 2 · Topic-wise Practice Worksheet

|                    |                 |                   |                        |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| TIME<br>35 minutes | QUESTIONS<br>15 | TOTAL MARKS<br>18 | MAX. SCORE<br>___ / 18 |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------------|

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Class/Sec: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## INSTRUCTIONS

- There are **15 questions**. Answer all of them.
- Each question has four choices — (A), (B), (C) and (D). Only **one** is correct.
- Questions 1–12 carry **1 mark** each. Questions 13–15 carry **2 marks** each.
- There is no negative marking. Show your working in the space at the side.

## Section A — Times Tables

Q1–Q8 · 1 mark each

1.  $3 \times 4 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(A) 7

(B) 12

(C) 34

(D) 43

2. Look at the picture. Which multiplication does it show?

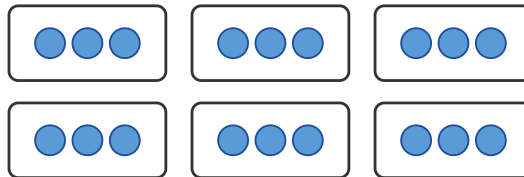


Fig. 2.1 — Six boxes with balls in them

(A)  $3 \times 3 = 9$

(B)  $3 \times 2 = 6$

(C)  $6 \times 6 = 36$

(D)  $6 \times 3 = 18$

3.  $5 \times 6 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(A) 11

(B) 25

(C) 30

(D) 36

4.  $7 \times 1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(A) 1

(B) 7

(C) 8

(D) 71

5.  $9 \times 0 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(A) 0

(B) 1

(C) 9

(D) 90

6. Which is the same as  $4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4$ ?
- (A)  $5 \times 4$  (B)  $4 \times 4$   
(C)  $4 + 5$  (D)  $5 \times 5$
7.  $8 \times 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (A) 13 (B) 35  
(C) 40 (D) 45
8. Which is the same as  $6 \times 7$ ?
- (A)  $6 \times 6$  (B)  $6 + 7$   
(C)  $7 - 6$  (D)  $7 \times 6$

**Section B — Multiplying Every Day**

Q9–Q12 · 1 mark each

9. One packet holds 6 biscuits. How many biscuits are there in 4 packets?
- (A) 10 (B) 18  
(C) 24 (D) 46
10. A bicycle has 2 wheels. How many wheels do 9 bicycles have?
- (A) 11 (B) 16  
(C) 18 (D) 20
11. One pencil costs ₹7. How much will 5 pencils cost?
- (A) ₹35 (B) ₹30  
(C) ₹12 (D) ₹57
12. There are 10 chairs in each row. How many chairs are there in 6 rows?
- (A) 16 (B) 50  
(C) 60 (D) 610

**Achievers Section**

Q13–Q15 · 2 marks each

13. A box holds 4 rows of 5 chocolates. How many chocolates are there in 2 such boxes?
- (A) 20 (B) 30  
(C) 40 (D) 45
14. Which of these has the **greatest** answer?
- (A)  $4 \times 6$  (B)  $2 \times 12$   
(C)  $5 \times 5$  (D)  $3 \times 9$
15. Sita buys 3 packets of pens with 5 pens in each packet. She gives 4 pens to her friend. How many pens are left with her?
- (A) 8 (B) 11  
(C) 15 (D) 19

# Answer Key

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|    |   |    |   |    |   |    |   |    |   |
|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|
| 1  | B | 2  | D | 3  | C | 4  | B | 5  | A |
| 6  | A | 7  | C | 8  | D | 9  | C | 10 | C |
| 11 | A | 12 | C | 13 | C | 14 | D | 15 | B |

## Solutions

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**1. Answer: (B) 12**

$3 \times 4$  means 4 groups of 3, or  $3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 12$ .

**2. Answer: (D)  $6 \times 3 = 18$**

There are 6 boxes and each box holds 3 balls.

$6 \times 3 = 18$  balls in all.

**3. Answer: (C) 30**

Count in fives six times: 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, **30**.

**4. Answer: (B) 7**

Multiplying by 1 leaves a number unchanged, so  $7 \times 1 = 7$ .

**5. Answer: (A) 0**

Nine groups of nothing is still nothing, so  $9 \times 0 = 0$ .

**6. Answer: (A)  $5 \times 4$**

The number 4 has been added **5** times, so this is  $5 \times 4 = 20$ .

**7. Answer: (C) 40**

Count in fives eight times: 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, **40**.

**8. Answer: (D)  $7 \times 6$**

We can multiply two numbers in either order and get the same answer.  $6 \times 7 = 42$  and  **$7 \times 6 = 42$** .

**9. Answer: (C) 24**

4 packets of 6 biscuits each.

$4 \times 6 = 24$  biscuits.

**10. Answer: (C) 18**

9 bicycles  $\times$  2 wheels each = **18** wheels.

**11. Answer: (A) ₹35**

5 pencils at ₹7 each.

$5 \times 7 = \text{₹}35$ .

**12. Answer: (C) 60**

6 rows  $\times$  10 chairs each = **60** chairs. Multiplying by 10 just adds a zero to the end.

**13. Answer: (C) 40**

One box holds  $4 \times 5 = 20$  chocolates.

Two boxes hold  $2 \times 20 = 40$  chocolates.

**14. Answer: (D)  $3 \times 9$**

Work each one out:  $4 \times 6 = 24$ ,  **$3 \times 9 = 27$** ,  $5 \times 5 = 25$ ,  $2 \times 12 = 24$ . The greatest is 27.

**15. Answer: (B) 11**

First find how many she bought:  $3 \times 5 = 15$  pens.

Then take away the ones she gave:  $15 - 4 = 11$  pens.